

## **SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

### **1.1. Product identifier**

Product code : Hygienfresh Piatti Expert  
Trades code : A87-005  
Product line: Hygienfresh

### **1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Ultra concentrated dishwashing detergent and Super scented

Sectors of use:

Private households (= general public = consumers)[SU21], Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)[SU22]

Uses advised against

Do not use for purposes other than those listed

### **1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

Tintolav s.r.l. - Via M. D' Antona 7 - 10028 Trofarello (TO) Tel. 011/649.68.27 Fax 011/649.67.42

Email: [info@tintolav.com](mailto:info@tintolav.com) - Sito internet: [www.tintolav.com](http://www.tintolav.com)

Email tecnico competente: [a.conedera@tintolav.com](mailto:a.conedera@tintolav.com)

National contact: Malta: Emergency Ambulance 112  
Accident & Emergency Department 2545 4030

### **1.4. Emergency telephone number**

The UK National Poisons Emergency number +44 (0)870 600 6266  
London: Emergency 24 hour telephone +44 (0) 207188 0100

## **SECTION 2. Hazards identification**

### **2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture**

2.1.1 Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Pictograms:  
GHS07

Hazard Class and Category Code(s):  
Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, Aquatic Chronic 3

Hazard statement Code(s):  
H315 - Causes skin irritation.  
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.  
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

If brought into contact with eyes, the product causes significant irritations which may last for more than 24 hours, if brought into contact with skin, it causes significant inflammation with erythema, scabs, or edema  
The product is dangerous to the environment as it is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### **2.2. Label elements**

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:



Pictogram, Signal Word Code(s):  
GHS07 - Warning

Hazard statement Code(s):  
H315 - Causes skin irritation.  
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.  
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Supplemental Hazard statement Code(s):  
EUH208 - Contains p-mentha-1,4(8)-diene, pin-2(3)-ene, dipentene, citral. May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements:

General

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention

P264 - Wash your hand thoroughly after handling.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Contains:

Sodium Lauryl Ether sulfate

Contains (Reg. EC 648/2004):

15% < 30% anionic surfactants, < 5% perfumes, Dye, enzymes, Miscela di: 5-cloro-2-metil-2H-isotiazol-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]; 2-metil-2H-isotiazol-3-one [EC no. non-ionic surfactants, amphoteric surfactants

Content of VOC ready to use condition: 0,40 %

### 2.3. Other hazards

The substance / mixture NOT contains substances PBT/vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII

No information on other hazards

## SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

Irrilevant

### 3.2 Mixtures

Refer to paragraph 16 for full text of hazard statements

Substance	Concentration	Classification	Index	CAS	EINECS	REACH
Sodium Lauryl Ether sulfate	> 10 <= 20%	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319		68891-38-3	500-234-8	01-2119488 639-16
Cocamidopropyl betaine	> 1 <= 5%	Eye Dam. 1, H318; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		147170-44-3	931-333-8	01-2119489 410-39
Lanolin, ethoxylated	> 0,1 <= 1%	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Aquatic Chronic 4, H413		61790-81-6		

Substance	Concentration	Classification	Index	CAS	EINECS	REACH
dipentene	> 0,1 <= 1%	Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	601-029-00-7	5989-27-5	205-341-0	01-2119529 223-47-000 1
citral	> 0,1 <= 1%	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1, H317	605-019-00-3	5392-40-5	226-394-6	01-2119462 829-23-000 1
Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate	> 0,1 <= 1%	Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H312; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319		25155-30-0	246-680-4	
3,5,5-Trimethylhexyl acetate - FEMA 0	<= 0,1%	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		58430-94-7	261-245-9	

## SECTION 4. First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation:

Air the area. Move immediately the contaminated patient from the area and keep him at rest in a well ventilated area. If you feel unwell seek medical advice.

#### Direct contact with skin (of the pure product):

Take contaminated clothing immediately off.

Wash immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap, the areas of the body that have, or are only suspected to have, come in contact with the product.

In case of contact with skin, wash immediately with water and soap

#### Direct contact with eyes (of the pure product):

Wash immediately and thoroughly with running water, keeping eyelids open for at least 10 minutes, then protect your eyes with a dry sterile gauze. Seek medical advice immediately

Do not use eye drops or ointments of any kind before the examination or advice from an oculist.

#### Ingestion:

Not hazardous. It's possible to give activated charcoal in water or liquid paraffin medicine

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

## SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Advised extinguishing agents:

Water spray, CO<sub>2</sub>, foam, dry chemical, depending on the materials involved in the fire.

#### Extinguishing means to avoid:

Water jets. Use water jets only to cool the surfaces of the containers exposed to fire.

### **5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

No data available.

### **5.3. Advice for firefighters**

Use protection for the breathing apparatus  
Safety helmet and full protective suit.

The spray water can be used to protect the people involved in the extinction

You may also use selfrespirator, especially when working in confined and poorly ventilated area and if you use halogenated extinguishers (Halon 1211 fluobrene, Solkan 123, NAF, etc...)

Keep containers cool with water spray

## **SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**

### **6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel:

Leave the area surrounding the spill or release. Do not smoke

Wear mask, gloves and protective clothing.

6.1.2 For emergency responders:

Wear mask, gloves and protective clothing.

Eliminate all unguarded flames and possible sources of ignition. No smoking.

Provision of sufficient ventilation.

Evacuate the danger area and, in case, consult an expert.

### **6.2. Environmental precautions**

Contain spill with earth or sand.

If the product has entered a watercourse in sewers or has contaminated soil or vegetation, notify it to the authorities.

Discharge the remains in compliance with the regulations

### **6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

6.3.1 For containment:

Rapidly recover the product, wear a mask and protective clothing

Recover the product for reuse, if possible, or for removal. Possibly absorb it with inert material.

Prevent it from entering the sewer system.

6.3.2 For cleaning up:

After wiping up, wash with water the area and materials involved

6.3.3 Other information:

None in particular.

### **6.4. Reference to other sections**

Refer to paragraphs 8 and 13 for more information

## **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

### **7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Avoid contact and inhalation of vapors

At work do not eat or drink.

See also paragraph 8 below.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep in original container closed tightly. Do not store in open or unlabeled containers.  
Keep containers upright and safe by avoiding the possibility of falls or collisions.  
Store in a cool place, away from sources of heat and `direct exposure of sunlight.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Private households (= general public = consumers):  
Handle with care.  
Store in ventilated place away from heat sources,  
Keep the container tightly closed.

Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen):  
Handle with care. Store in a ventilated area and away from heat, keep the container tightly closed.

## SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Related to contained substances:

Cocamidopropyl betaine:

DNEL

operator: long term exposure-systemic effects, inhalation: 44 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

consumer: long term exposure-systemic effects, dermal: 7.5 mg/kg

consumer: long term exposure-systemic effects, oral: 7.5 mg/kg

dipentene:

TWA: 30 from AIHA

TWA: 165.5 (mg/m<sup>3</sup>) from AIHA

### 8.2. Exposure controls



Appropriate engineering controls:

Private households (= general public = consumers):

No specific checks planned

Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen):

No specific monitoring foreseen

Individual protection measures:

(a) Eye / face protection

When handling the pure product use safety glasses (spectacles cage) (EN 166).

(b) Skin protection

(i) Hand protection

When handling the pure product use chemical resistant protective gloves (EN 374-1/EN374-2/EN374-3)

(ii) Other

When handling the pure product wear full protective skin clothing.

(c) Respiratory protection

Not needed for normal use.

(d) Thermal hazards  
No hazard to report

Environmental exposure controls:

Related to contained substances:

Cocamidopropyl betaine:

PNEC

sea water: 0.00135 mg/l

Sediment (sweet water): 1 mg/kg

Sediment (seawater): 0.1 mg/kg

soil: 0.8 mg/kg

purification: 3000 mg/l

dipentene:

Do not let this chemical agent contaminate the environment.

## SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical and chemical properties	Value	Determination method
Appearance	Gel-yellow	
Odour	characteristic	
Odour threshold	not determined	
pH	5.5	
Melting point/freezing point	not determined	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined	
Flash point	> 60 °C	ASTM D92
Evaporation rate	irrelevant	
Flammability (solid, gas)	nonflammable	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	not determined	
Vapour pressure	not determined	
Vapour density	not determined	
Relative density	1	
Solubility	completely soluble in water	
Water solubility	completely soluble in water	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not determined	
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined	
Decomposition temperature	not determined	
Viscosity	not determined	
Explosive properties	not explosive	
Oxidising properties	non-oxidizing	

### 9.2. Other information

Content of VOC ready to use condition: 0,40 %

## **SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**

### **10.1. Reactivity**

No reactivity hazards

### **10.2. Chemical stability**

No hazardous reaction when handled and stored according to provisions.

### **10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions**

There are no hazardous reactions

### **10.4. Conditions to avoid**

Nothing to report

### **10.5. Incompatible materials**

It can generate inflammable gases to contact with elementary metals, nitrides, inorganic sulfide, strong reducing agents.

It can generate toxic gases to contact with inorganic sulfide, strong reducing agents.

### **10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**

Does not decompose when used for intended uses.

## **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

### **11.1. Information on toxicological effects**

ATE(mix) oral = 175.200,0 mg/kg

ATE(mix) dermal = 800.000,0 mg/kg

ATE(mix) inhal = ∞

(a) acute toxicity: dipentene: LD50 Oral-rat-4.400 mg/kg

Remarks: Behavioral: Change in motor activity (specific assay). Respiratory disorder Skin and Appendages:

Other: Hair. Inhalation: Irritating to respiratory system.

LD50 Dermal-rabbit->5.000 mg/kg

(b) skin corrosion/irritation If brought into contact with the skin, the product causes significant inflammation with erythema, scabs, or edema.

Sodium Lauryl Ether sulfate: Acute effects: contact with eyes will cause irritation; symptoms may include: redness, edema, pain and tears.

Through contact with the skin has irritation with erythema, edema, dryness and cracking.

Cocamidopropyl betaine: Skin corrosion/irritation rabbit: slightly irritating. (OECD guideline 404)

Lanolin, ethoxylated: Species: Rabbit no irritation method. Draize Test

Remarks. The swab tests conducted on volunteers proved irritating properties

Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate: Skin irritation-not irritating (2.5%), moderate irritation (5%), moderate-severe irritation (47-50%).

(c) serious eye damage/irritation: If brought into contact with eyes, the product, causes significant irritations which may last for more than 24 hours.

Cocamidopropyl betaine: Serious eye damage/eye irritation, rabbit: highly irritating. (OECD guideline 405)

Lanolin, ethoxylated: Species: Rabbit irritation method. Draize Test

Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate: Eye irritation-mild irritation (1%); moderate irritation (5%), and severe irritation

(47-50%)

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization: Cocamidopropyl betaine: Assessment of sensitizing: Tests on animals showed no sensitizing action.

Experimental/calculated data:

Guinea India: non-sensitizing (OECD-guideline 406)

(e) germ cell mutagenicity: Cocamidopropyl betaine: Bacteria: negative (OECD guideline 471) micronucleus analysis

rat: negative (OECD-guideline 474)

(f) carcinogenicity: dipentene: Carcinogenicity-rat-Oral

Tumorigenic: Carcinogenic by RTECS criteria. Kidney, Ureter, Bladder: Kidney tumors. Tumorigenic Effects: Testicular tumors.

Carcinogenicity-mouse-Oral

Equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria: Tumorigenic. Gastrointestinal: Tumors.

This product is or contains a component that is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity IARC, ACGIH, NTP, based on its or EPA classification.

IARC: Group 3-3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans (D-Limonene)

Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate: IARC: no component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% identified as known or anticipated carcinogen by IARC.

(g) reproductive toxicity: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

(h) specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

(i) specific target organ toxicity (STOT) repeated exposure based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

(j) aspiration hazard: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Related to contained substances:

Sodium Lauryl Ether sulfate:

LD50 (alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfated, sodium salts; CAS No.: 68891-38-3)

Via Inhalation Administration:

Test species: rat

Value: 4100 mg/kg

Specification: LD50 (alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfated, sodium salts; CAS No.: 68891-38-3)

Via Dermal intake:

Test species: rat

Value: > 2000 mg/kg

LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 2000

LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 2000

CL50 Inhalation (rat) vapour/dust/mist/fume (mg/l/4h) or gas (ppmV/4h) = 4100

Cocamidopropyl betaine:

LD50 rat (oral): > 5000 mg/kg (OECD-guideline 401)

Rat LD50 (dermal): > 2,000 mg/kg (OECD-guideline 402)

LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 5000

LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 2000

Lanolin, ethoxylated:

Prepared non-hazardous within the meaning of the EEC direttiva 1999/45 and 67/548

LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 21300

LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 10000

CL50 Inhalation (rat) vapour/dust/mist/fume (mg/l/4h) or gas (ppmV/4h) = 200

dipentene:

Routes of Entry: Absorbed through skin. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals:

Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 4400 mg/kg [Rat].

Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): >5000 mg/kg [Rabbit].

Chronic Effects on Humans: CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: 3 (Not classifiable for human.) by IARC.

Other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant, sensitizer), of inhalation (lung irritant).

Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator), of ingestion.

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals: Not available.

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans: May cause adverse reproductive effects and birth defects (teratogenic)

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Acute Potential Health Effects:

Skin: Causes skin irritation. It can be absorbed through intact skin. However, it is generally regarded to have low toxicity by dermal route.

Eyes: Causes eye irritation.

Inhalation: Aspiration of large doses may produce pulmonary edema and chemical pneumonitis. May cause dizziness and suffocation. No nasal or pharyngeal irritation has been reported.

Ingestion: It is generally regarded to have low toxicity by oral route. It may produce burning pain in the mouth and throat, abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. There may be an odor of terpenes in the vomitus or breath.

It may affect behavior/central nervous and peripheral nervous system. Central nervous system effects may include excitement, somnolence, delirium, ataxia, convulsions, and stupor while peripheral system effects may include spastic paralysis. It may affect respiration (respiratory depression, choking, coughing, dyspnea, cyanosis). Other symptoms may include cyanosis, fever, and tachycardia. Systemic absorption of large doses may produce pulmonary edema and chemical pneumonitis. The urine may smell like violets.

Chronic Potential Health Effects:

Ingestion: Prolonged or repeated ingestion may produce nausea, lowered blood sugar and cholesterol, and kidney damage (hematuria, albuminuria, tubular necrosis), and may also affect the liver.

Skin: It may be a weak sensitizer and responsible for some rare allergic responses (dermatitis)

LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 4400

LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 5000

citral:

LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 4960

LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 2250

Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate:

LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 438

LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 2000

3,5,5-Trimethylhexyl acetate:

Oral LD50-rat-4250.0 mg/kg

LD50 Dermal-rabbit->5000 mg/kg

LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 4250

LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 5000

## SECTION 12. Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

3,5,5-Trimethylhexyl acetate:

Related to contained substances:

Sodium Lauryl Ether sulfate:

LC50 (alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfated, sodium salts; CAS No.: 68891-38-3)

Parametro: Fish

Danio Rerio

Value = 7.1 mg/l

For. test: 96 h

Specification: EC50 (alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfated, sodium salts; CAS No.: 68891-38-3)

Parametro: Daphnia

Daphnia magna

Value = 7.2 mg/l

For. test: 48 h

Specification: EC50 (alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfated, sodium salts; CAS No.: 68891-38-3)

Parametro: Algae  
Scenedesmus subspicatus  
Value = 27 mg/l  
C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 7,1

Cocamidopropyl betaine:  
LC50 > 1-10 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Screening (type OECD 203))  
Aquatic invertebrates:  
EC50 >1-10 mg/l Daphnia magna (OECD-guideline 202, part 1)  
Aquatic plants:  
EC50 >1-10 mg/l, Desmodesmus subspicatus (OECD-guideline 201)  
Microorganisms/effects on activated sludge:  
Ce0 >100 mg/l, Pseudomonas putida (OECD-guideline 209)  
Chronic toxicity on fish:  
NOEC >= 1 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (guideline OECD 210)  
Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates:  
NOEC >= 1 mg/l Daphnia magna (OECD-guideline 211)  
C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 1  
NOEC (mg/l) = 1

dipentene:  
Ecotoxicity: Not available.  
BOD5 and COD: Not available.  
Products of Biodegradation:  
Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.  
Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The product itself and its products of degradation are not toxic.  
Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.  
C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 0,702

citral:  
Oryzias latipes OECD TG 203 LC50 (96 h): 4.1 mg/L  
Other Daphnia magna EC50 (72 hours) = 7 mg/L  
Selenastrum capricornutum Other EC50 (72hr) = 5 mg/L  
C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 4,1

C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 1,67

C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 4  
NOEC (mg/l) = 4

The product is dangerous for the environment as it is toxic for aquatic organisms following acute exposure.

Use according to good working practices to avoid pollution into the environment.

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Related to contained substances:  
Sodium Lauryl Ether sulfate:  
Easily biodegradable

Cocamidopropyl betaine:  
Evaluation of biodegradability and elimination (H<sub>2</sub>O):  
Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).  
Good eliminability from the water.

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Lanolin, ethoxylated:

57.1%

method: OECD TG 301 and

Remark: Inherently Biodegradable

citral:

OECD TG 301 c Readily biodegradable

1/2 T Photodegradation = 1.14 years (direct) T 1/2 = 2.83 hours (indirect)

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Related to contained substances:

citral:

None

Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate:

Bioaccumulation-28 leptomicrochirus d -64 g/l

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 220

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substance / mixture NOT contains substances PBT/vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No adverse effects

## SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not reuse empty containers. Dispose of them in accordance with the regulations in force. Any remaining product should be disposed of according to applicable regulations by addressing to authorized companies.

Recover if possible. Operate according to local or national regulations

## SECTION 14. Transport information

### 14.1. UN number

Not included in the scope of application regulations concerning the transport of dangerous goods: by road (ADR); by rail (RID); by air (ICAO / IATA); by sea (IMDG).

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

None

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

None

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**14.4. Packing group**

None

**14.5. Environmental hazards**

None

**14.6. Special precautions for user**

No data available.

**14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code**

It is not intended to carry bulk

**SECTION 15. Regulatory information**

**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

No data available.

**15.2. Chemical safety assessment**

The supplier has made an assessment of chemical safety

**SECTION 16. Other information**

**16.1. Other information**

Description of the hazard statements exposed to point 3

- H315 = Causes skin irritation.
- H319 = Causes serious eye irritation.
- H318 = Causes serious eye damage.
- H412 = Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- H413 = May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
- H226 = Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H317 = May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H400 = Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H410 = Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- H302 = Harmful if swallowed.
- H312 = Harmful in contact with skin.
- H411 = Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Classification based on data of all mixture components

Main normative references:

- Directive 1999/45/EC
- Directive 2001/60/EC
- Regulation 1272/2008/EC
- Regulation 2010/453/EC

\*\* The information contained herein is based on our knowledge at the date above.  
Related solely to the product and do not constitute a guarantee of a particular quality.

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## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### Hygienfresh Piatti Expert

Issued on 06/29/2015 - Rel. # 1 on 06/29/2015

# 13 / 13

In conformity to Regulation (EU) 2015/830

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It is the duty of the user to ensure that these are appropriate and complete information regarding the specific use intended.

This data sheet cancels and replaces any previous edition.

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